

Castlefield School- Modern Foreign Language

Topic: My Town

Year: Unit 2.1

	Key Vocabulary	– Places in Town	Numbers			
	f = feminine	m = masculine		uno 1	quince 15	veintinueve 29
10 mm	LAND THE REAL		The last of Automatic	dos 2	dieciséis 16	treinta 30
	Mer DI			tres 3	diecisiete 17	treinta y uno 31
				cuatro 4	dieciocho 18	cuarenta 40
una escuela (f)	un museo (m)	una farmacia (f)	un banco (m)	cinco 5	diecinueve 19	cincuenta 50
	CINEMA	La Satiland		seis 6	veinte 20	sesenta 60
				siete 7	veintiuno 21	setenta 70
			22	ocho 8	veintidós 22	ochenta 80
una piscina (f)	un cine (m)	una cafetería (f)	un parque (m)	nueve 9	veintitrés 23	noventa 90
		-2		diez 10	veinticuatro 24	cien 100
				once 11	veinticinco 25	cero O
				doce 12	veintiséis 26	y and
un mercado (m)	un	una estación de	una hihliotean (S)	trece 13	veintisiete 27	
	supermercado (m)	trenes (f)	biblioteca (f)	catorce 14	veintiocho 28	
	150				é significa 'museo'? t does 'museo' mean?	
una montaña (f) un lag		go (m) un bosque (m)		¿Cómo se dice 'school' en español?		
la calle (f) street	la avenida (f) avenue	la plaza (f) square	el número (m) number	How do you say 'school' in Spanish?		



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Key Language in Context						
wn?						
<mark>En</mark> Sevilla, no hay museo.						
'hat is your address?						
Claima Reinez Calle Sol 30 03001 Allicante						
vives? you live?						
adrid. adrid.						

Key Knowledge and Grammar	
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Hay means there is or there are. You can use it before a singular or plural noun.

- e.g. Hay un parque. [There is a park.]
- e.g. Hay una escuela. [There is a school.]
- e.g. Hay unos museos. [There are some museums.]

No hay means there isn't or there aren't.

- e.g. No hay piscina. [There isn't a swimming pool.]
- e.g. No hay parques. [There are no parks.]

Please note that after 'no hay', you don't need the determiner (un, una, unos, unas).

En is a preposition that means in/inside.

- e.g. En mi ciudad, hay una farmacia. [In my town, there is a pharmacy.]
- 🔸 e.g. Vivo en Barcelona. [I live in Barcelona.]

Spanish addresses are written slightly differently to English ones as the street is mentioned **before** the building number.

Mi dirección es calle Velázquez, número 40 en Madrid.
 [My address is 40 Velazquez Street in Madrid.]

The words **mi** [**my**] and **tu** [**your**] are **possessive determiners** and they agree with the noun that they go with.

- Use mi and tu with a singular noun.
 e.g. mi casa [my house], tu dirección [your address].
- Use mis and tus with a plural noun.
 e.g. mis padres [my parents], tus amigos [your friends].