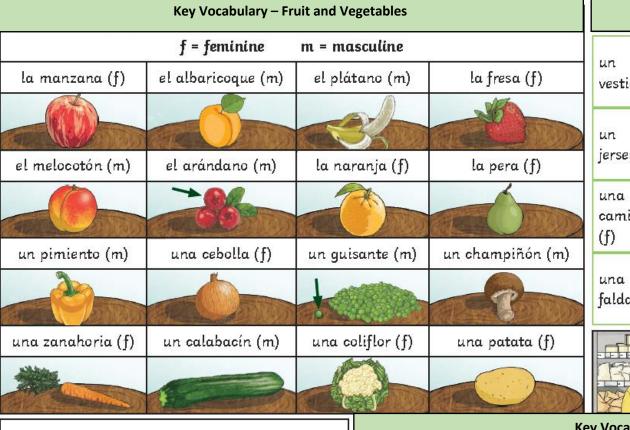
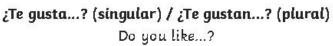


Castlefield School- Modern Foreign Language

Topic: Shopping Year: Unit 2.3



Key Vocabulary – Clothes un vestido (m) abrigo (m) unos pantalones jersey (m) (m) una camiseta chaqueta (f) unas falda (f) botas (f) Quisiera...





la zapatería (f)

(f)

kiosko (m)





I would like...

joyería (f)
el
mercado
(m)



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Key Language in Context

¿Dónde puedo comprar...? Where can I buy...?

Puedes comprarlo en la joyería.

You can buy it at the jeweller's.

Puedes comprarlos en la zapatería.

You can buy them at the shoe shop.

¿Cuánto vale un bocadillo?

How much is the sandwich?

¿Cuánto valen los helados?

How much are the ice creams?

Son cinco euros.

It's five euros.

Son seis euros.

It's six euros.

Cuánto vale el pastel? How much is the cake? Son tres euros con cincuenta céntimos. It's three euros and fifty cents. Aquí tienes el cambio. ¡Gracias! Here is the change. Thanks!

Key Language and Grammar

- Un and una mean 'a'. Use un before a masculine singular noun and una before a feminine singular noun, e.g. Quisiera un pimiento [I would like a pepper].
- Unos and unas mean 'some'. Use unos before masculine plural nouns and unas before feminine plural nouns, e.g. Quisiera unas patatas [I would like some potatoes].

Adjective endings change to agree with the noun they describe.

- If the adjective ends with an -o, swap it with an -a for feminine nouns, e.g. un vestido amarillo [a yellow dress], una chaqueta amarillo [a yellow jacket].
- If the adjective ends with an -e or a consonant, it doesn't change, e.g. una camiseta verde [a green T-shirt].
- If the noun is plural, remember to add -s if it ends with a vowel and add -es if it ends with a consonant e.g. unas botas azules [some blue boots].

The pronouns **lo/la/los/las** replace nouns in sentences. See the following examples with the verb 'comprar' [to buy]:

- to is used to replace masculine singular items. e.g. **Puedes comprario** [You can buy it], to replace **un reloj** [watch].
- la is used to replace feminine singular items. e.g. Puedes comprarla [You can buy it], to replace una pera [a pear].
- los is used to replace masculine plural items or a mix of masculine
- + feminine items. e.g. **Puedes comprarlos** [You can buy them], to replace **unos zapatos** [shoes].
- las is used to replace feminine plural items. e.g. Puedes comprarlas [You can buy them], to replace unas salchichas [some sausages].